

# FNC010,FNC013 - problem sheet 1

July 19, 2005

*Instructions: answer all the questions. Marks will be awarded for calculation steps and demonstrable comprehension. The deadline for this assignment is the **26th of July**. Please submit solutions in electronic format via email to [wlwoon@must.edu.my](mailto:wlwoon@must.edu.my) and include “math-ps1” in the subject line. This is **important** - I filter my mails into separate folders and if you do not include that line your assignment may not get marked, resulting in a loss of marks*

## Limits

1. Starting from the definition of limits, prove the following:

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} 2x + 5 &= 7 \\ \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} (x + 3)(x - 1) &= 5\end{aligned}$$

2. Evaluate the following limits:

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \sin\left(\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{2}\right) \\ \lim_{x \rightarrow 5} \frac{x^2 - 9}{x + 3}\end{aligned}$$

## Derivatives

1. From first principles, derive the derivatives (ahem) for the following expressions w.r.t  $x$ :

$$\begin{aligned}f(x) &= x^3 \\ f(x) &= \cos x\end{aligned}$$

2. (a) For the following, differentiate  $y$  w.r.t.  $x$ :

$$y = (x^2 + \cos x^2)$$

$$y = \frac{x^2 + 1}{x}$$

$$y = \sin x^2 \cos 2x$$

$$y = \cos u, u = \sin x$$

(b) Differentiate  $f(x) = x^3 + x$  w.r.t.  $x$  and sketch  $f'(x)$ .

Using this, sketch a figure of  $f(x)$  for the region  $-1 \leq x \leq 1$ , explaining how you obtained the sketch. Finally, infer the minimum value for the gradient of this function.

3. Find a value of  $A$  which makes the function  $f(x)$  continuous:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + 5 & \text{if } x < 1 \\ Ax - 5 & \text{if } x > 1 \end{cases}$$